Making my Classroom 'Dyslexia-Friendly': 10 Top Tips

- 1. Celebrate strengths and success across a wide range of endeavours (deliberately and frequently); create opportunities for dyslexic students to succeed, using specific praise to help them build an accurate picture of their strengths.
- 2. Have visual aids available for every lesson, or ask students to create some, as part of the lesson. Make good use of multi-sensory sources of information.
- 3. Actively teach study/note taking skills e.g. key word notes, spider plans and encourage students to use them. Provide notes for a focus on meaning and annotation, rather than copying.
- 4. Vary input and outcomes, such as through the use of small groups, discussion and audiotapes to maintain interest and provide memorable experiences!
- 5. Avoid long lists of instructions given verbally and provide a clear lesson structure use the board to provide information visually, where appropriate.
- 6. Make sure that high frequency work lists and subject-specific key wordlists are available on each table for any writing task.
- 7. Always have a ready supply of parallel reading books and other suitable reading material.
- 8. Encourage alternative ways of recording: always have a range of materials available e.g. individual white / black boards (be aware of glare off the boards) and coloured pens, tape recorders; large sheets of paper and felt pens; writing frames.
- 9. Label classroom resources clearly and keep clutter to a minimum, to create an orderly, structured yet attractive environment.
- 10. Do not draw attention to their difficulties; avoid: copying from the board; reciting times tables; reading aloud; undifferentiated spelling tests.

*This extract is taken from the Dyslexia Friendly Good Schools Practice Guide; Leicester City Council